Title	Assessment of Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest TEC on NSW Crown Forest Estate	
Alternative title(s)	Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest: Survey, Classification and Mapping Completed for the NSW Environment Protection Authority	
Abstract	Operational map:	
Abstract	The operational map for Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest (GBWS) was constructed to resolve long-standing issues surrounding its identification, location and extent within the NSW State Forest estate covered by the eastern Regional Forest Agreements. The project's Threatened Ecological Community (TEC) Reference Panel (the Panel) interpreted the determination for GBWS and agreed that GBWS TEC is defined from quantitative floristic analyses of systematic plot data. Based on a strong association with the determination assemblage list and documented occurrences referenced in the determination, we have interpreted GBWS to be equivalent to a community described in a recent classification study in the Northern Rivers (OEH, 2012); 1000-1665: (Grey Gum - Grey Box - Hoop Pine shrubby open forest on hinterland hills of the Richmond and Clarence catchments, South Eastern Queensland Bioregion and NSW North Coast Bioregion). We conducted plot-based floristic comparison to assess whether GBWS or the equivalent Community 1000-1665 was present within 800 000 hectares of State Forest in the North Coast area. A map was developed based on plot assignments, aerial photography interpreted map polygons delineated from overstorey and understorey patterns, and results of predictive modelling. In total, we identified approximately 2936 hectares of GBWS TEC in State forests north from Cherry Tree State Forest. Another state forest area has been identified as potentially supporting GBWS forest and is presented in a separate Indicative map.	
	Indicative map:	
	The indicative map for Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest (GBWS) was constructed to resolve long-standing issues surrounding its identification, location and extent within the NSW State Forest estate covered by the eastern Regional Forest Agreements. The project's Threatened Ecological Community (TEC) Reference Panel (the Panel) interpreted the determination for GBWS and agreed that GBWS TEC is defined from quantitative floristic analyses of systematic plot data. Based on a strong association with the determination, we have interpreted GBWS to be equivalent to a community described in a recent classification study in the Northern Rivers (OEH, 2012); 1000-1665: (Grey Gum - Grey Box - Hoop Pine shrubby open forest on hinterland hills of the Richmond and Clarence catchments, South Eastern Queensland Bioregion and NSW North Coast Bioregion). We conducted plot-based floristic comparison to assess whether GBWS or the equivalent Community 1000-1665 was present within 800 000 hectares of State Forest in the North Coast area. A map was developed based on plot assignments, aerial photography interpreted map polygons delineated from overstorey and understorey patterns, and results of predictive modelling. In total, we identified approximately 2936 hectares of GBWS TEC in State forests north from Cherry Tree State Forest. However, we also assigned three plots to GBWS, which are disjunct from and well outside the previously known distribution, to the south. Of the three disjunct plots, only one is in our state forest study area, in Nymboida state forest. We have no evidence that GBWS occurs south of Nymboida state forest. We identify Nymboida and Kangaroo River state forests in this Indicative Map, as plausible locations for the GBWS TEC. We recommend the GBWS TEC in these areas be diagnosed on a site-by-site basis using our field key until further survey and mapping can be completed in these forests.	
	Operational TEC Mapping have been derived by API at a viewing scale between 1-4000 using ADS40 50 cm pixel imagery and 1 m derived LIDAR DEM grids for floodplain EECs.	
	Indicative TEC Mapping have been generated from best available composite environmental data layers - standardised to 30 m pixels.	
Resource loca	ator	
Data Quality	Name: Data Quality Statement	
<u>Statement</u>	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload	
	Description:	
	NSW Government standards direct that data should be made available with a statement regarding its quality, a so-called "Data Quality statement (DQS)", to enable potential users to determine whether the data is suitable for their requirements	

	Function: download	
Assessment of Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest TEC on NSW Crown Forest Estate	Name: Assessment of Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest TEC on NSW Crown Forest Estate	
	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload	
	Description:	
	Report on the Assessment of Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest TEC on NSW Crown Forest Estate	
	Function: download	
<u>Operational</u> <u>Map for Grey</u> Day Grey Cum	Name: Operational Map for Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest Threatened Ecological Community on NSW Crown Forest Estate	
Wet Sclerophyll	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload	
<u>Forest</u> <u>Threatened</u> <u>Ecological</u> <u>Community on</u>	Description:	
	Shapefile - Operational map for the Assessment of Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest TEC on NSW Crown Forest Estate	
<u>NSW Crown</u> Forest Estate	Function: download	
Indicative Map for Grey Box	Name: Indicative Map for Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest Threatened Ecological Community on NSW Crown Forest Estate	
<u>Grey Gum Wet</u> Sclerophyll	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload	
<u>Forest</u> Threatened	Description:	
<u>Ecological</u> <u>Community on</u>	Shapefile - Indicative map for the Assessment of Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest TEC on NSW Crown Forest Estate	
<u>NSW Crown</u> Forest Estate	Function: download	
<u>Operational</u> and Indicative	Name: Operational and Indicative Maps for the Assessment of Threatened Ecological Communities on NSW Crown Forest Estate	
<u>Maps for the</u> Assessment of	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload	
Threatened	Description:	
<u>Ecological</u> <u>Communities</u> <u>on NSW Crown</u>	ESRI ArcGIS Layer File - Operational and Indicative Maps for the Assessment of Threatened Ecological Communities on NSW Crown Forest Estate	
Forest Estate	Function: download	
<u>Native Forestry</u> <u>Map Viewer</u>	Name: Native Forestry Map Viewer	
	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload	
	Description:	
	The EPA Native Forestry Map Viewer enables users to view our Koala and Threatened Ecological Community mapping without the need to access a GIS system. The map viewer allows users to perform searches to locate areas of interest and export resulting map views into various image file formats.	
	Function: download	
Unique resource identifier		
Code	b7b14bec-9730-4763-8d66-7ca48ac370f5	
Presentation form	Map digital	
Edition	Version 1	
Dataset	English	

language			
Metadata standard			
Name	ISO 19115		
Edition	2016		
Dataset URI	https://datasets.seed.nsw.gov.au/dataset/b7b14bec-9730-4763-8d66-7ca48ac370f5		
Purpose	Native Forestry Regulation on State Forest		
Status	Completed		
Spatial representation			
Туре	vector		
Geometric Object Type	curve		
Spatial reference system			
Code identifying the spatial reference system	4283		
Equivalent scale	1:None		
Topic category			

Keyword set	
keyword value	Threatened Ecological Community
	Endangered Ecological Community
	Vegetation
	State Forest
	Grey Box Grey Gum Wet Sclerophyll Forest
	EEC
	TEC
	Environment Protection Authority
	EPA
Originating controlled vocabulary	
Title	ANZLIC Search Words
Reference date	2008-05-16
Geographic location	
West bounding longitude	152.54238
East bounding longitude	152.77148
North bounding latitude	-29.02019
South bounding latitude	-28.33562
Vertical extent information	
Minimum value	-100
Maximum value	2228
Coordinate reference system	
Authority code	urn:ogc:def:cs:EPSG::
Code identifying the coordinate reference system	5711
Temporal extent	
Begin position	2016-10-01
End position	N/A
Dataset reference date	
Resource maintenance	
Maintenance and update frequency	Irregular
Contact info	
Contact position	Data Broker
Organisation name	Environment Protection Authority (EPA)
Responsible party role	pointOfContact

Lineage	Operational map: Linew ADS-40 imagery collecter NSW between 2009-201 including canopy species characteristics. Lines ha Interpretation has been existing field based obsec combinations of aerial p where relevant fine scal model.	ork has been derived from manual interpretation of stereoscopic 3D ed at a 50cm resolution. Date of photography varies across eastern 5. Interpretation has collected a range of floristic attributes 5 dominance, understorey attributes and assessment of landscape ve been interpreted using a viewing scale between 1:2000- 1: 5000. supported by field traverse (except bogs and saltmarsh), and ervation data held by OEH. Final linework was assembled using hoto patterns, predictive TEC models, systematic plot data and e topographic data derived from 1 metre resolution digital elevation		
	Indicative map: Line Wo models based on the con and remotely sensed va based on unique combin model data has been dra environmental data cove	rk has been derived from the interpolation of Random Forest mbination of 30m gridcell resolution climatic, topographic, substrate riables. Individual grid cells represent probabilities of occurrence lations and thresholds applied to selected variables. The lineage of awn from a set of 158 individual data layers representing the NSW erage.		
Limitations on public access				
Scope	dataset			
DQ Concept	ual Consistency			
Explanatio	Standard API mapping pathways have been established for mappers to apply consistent interpretation of vegetation features including, size criteria and polygon attribution			
DQ Topologi	ical Consistency			
Explanatio	n Not assessed			
DQ Absolute	e External Positional Accuracy	,		
Explanatio	Operational maps: Positional accuracy has been measured using independent assessment of interpreted lines as a mean of 8.5 metres. Other influence on positional accuracy include the accuracy of field based GPS records currently tested at a mean of 9.2 metres. Some error with interpreted line from 2D to 3D environment can result in a positional shift of up to 10 metres. Indicative maps: Positional accuracy may vary depending on the selected layers chosen in the statistical model. These may vary from source data but include 1:250000 substrate layers, 30m DEM derived topographic and climatic indices. Positional accuracy may exceed 200m with minimum polygon sizes of some environmental selected layers reaching 50 hectares.			
DQ Non Qua	ntitative Attribute Correctnes	S		
Explanatio	n Attribution is consiste	ent		
Responsit	ble party			
Contact po	osition	Data Broker		
Organisati	on name	Environment Protection Authority (EPA)		
Responsible party role		pointOfContact		
Metadata	point of contact			
Contact po	osition	Data Broker		
Organisati	on name	Environment Protection Authority (EPA)		
Responsible party role		pointOfContact		
Metadata date		2024-02-26T13:46:21.223493		
Metadata	language			