Title	Nandewar WRA final vegetation layer - VIS_ID 12 & VIS ID 3881	
Alternative title(s)	Nandewar_ext_VIS_12; Nandewar_p1750_VIS_3881	
Abstract	This project constitutes the Vegetation Mapping and Survey component of the Nandewar WRA Biodiversity Surrogates Project. The Nandewar WRA follows that previously undertaken for the Brigalow Belt South Bioregion. The Nandewar WRA area encompasses parts of the Nandewar and New England Tablelands bioregions (within NSW only) which had not been previously assessed in either the Comprehensive Regional Assessments or the Brigalow Belt South WRA.; ; The final vegetation layer is a composite of 108 individual; modelled probability surfaces, each representing a derived; vegetation community. VIS_ID 12. VIS_ID 3881.; ; ANZLIC: ANZNS0208000226	
Resource locator	r	
Data Quality	Name: Data Quality Statement	
<u>Statement</u>	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload	
	Description:	
	Data quality statement for Nandewar WRA final vegetation layer - VIS_ID 12 & VIS ID 3881	
	Function: download	
<u>Vegetation VIS</u> Nandewar WRA	Name: Vegetation VIS Nandewar WRA 12 3881	
<u>12 3881</u>	Protocol: WWW:DOWNLOAD-1.0-httpdownload	
	Function: download	
Unique resource	identifier	
Code	71246e93-5f10-40b1-aaa2-8c2e75efa33a	
Presentation form	Map digital	
Edition	unknown	
Dataset language	English	
Metadata standa	ırd	
Name	ISO 19115	
Edition	2016	
Dataset URI	https://datasets.seed.nsw.gov.au/dataset/71246e93-5f10-40b1-aaa2-8c2e75efa33a	
Purpose	Vegetation Mapping	
Status	Completed	
Spatial representation type	grid	
Spatial reference system		
Code identifying the spatial	4283	

Spatial resolution	10 m
Additional information source	Nandewar_ext_VIS_12 - veg extant; Nandewar_p1750_VIS_3881 - predicted pre- clearing data; ; Department of Environment and Conservation 2004, Nandewar Biodiversity Surrogates: Vegetation. Report for the Resource; and Conservation Assessment Council (RACAC), NSW Western Regional Assessments, coordinated by NSW Department of; Infrastructure, Planning and Natural Resources, Project no. NAND06. Department of Environment and Conservation, Coffs; Harbour.; ; Attributes:; Value; Count; Map unit number = number of map unit; Map unit description = name of map unit; Predicted Area = number of hectares occupied by the map; unit outside the extent of native vegetation (ie. on cleared; land); Extant Area = number of hectares occupied by the map; unit within the extent of existing vegetation; Total Area = number of hectares occupied by the map unit; overall (= Predicted Area + Extant Area); Status - conservation status of map unit; Note : map unit = vegetation community in the above; descriptions

Keyword set	
keyword value	VEGETATION
	FLORA
Originating controlled vocabulary	
Title	ANZLIC Search Words
Reference date	2008-05-16
Geographic location	
West bounding longitude	149.883215
East bounding longitude	151.837922
North bounding latitude	-31.897971
South bounding latitude	-28.633424
Vertical extent information	
Minimum value	-100
Maximum value	2228
Coordinate reference system	
Authority code	urn:ogc:def:cs:EPSG::
Code identifying the coordinate reference system	5711
Temporal extent	
Begin position	2004-06-01
End position	N/A
Dataset reference date	
Resource maintenance	
Maintenance and update frequency	Unknown
Contact info	
Contact position	Data Broker
Organisation name	NSW Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water
Telephone number	131555
Email address	data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au
Web address	https://www.nsw.gov.au/departments-and-agencies/dcceew
Responsible party role	pointOfContact

Lincuge	Abiotic envir using PATN by a group of reporting sit Dissimilarity API used to each vegeta rule sets we the model; p the final cor understorey Model select the other set surfaces we iterative par map units w	tic plot data - 2,908 individual plots compiled from 36 flora survey programs.; 2) ronmental surfaces; 3) Derivation of probability surfaces; ; Plot data analysed statistical sofware to derive a set of vegetation communities, each represented of floristically similar sites. Each group modelled across the landscape by tes against abiotic surfaces. Both General Additive Models (GAMs) and General Models (GDMs) derived for each community.; ; 4) Air Photo Interpretation (API); constrain original models. A unique set of; candidacy rules was developed for ation group; based on API floristics, API understorey, and 100K; mapsheet. The re applied spatially through a; set of candidacy matrices which acted to reduce brobability values in some areas. For any grid-cell of a; given probability surface, nstrained value was a; product of the original value, canopy probability,; probability, and mapsheet probability of that; community for that grid-cell.; 5) tion; GAMs and GDMs for each community were expertly; scrutinised, and one or elected as the final; model for integration.; 6) Model integration; 108 final re merged into the final vegetation; composite using a new approach called rtial; replacement, which was designed to replace the gridcells; of over-predicted with those of under-predicted; units in the composite.; The final composite layer redicted and current; extent of each vegetation community.	
Limitations of	n public acces	s	
Scope	dataset		
DQ Completer	ness Commiss	sion	
Effective date	2009-10-	-01	
DQ Complete	ness Omissior	1	
Effective date	2009-10-	-01	
DQ Topologic	al Consistenc	у	
Explanation	Checked	for missing attributes All attributes were checked	
DQ Absolute I	External Positi	ional Accuracy	
Explanation	10m to 1	.00m within extent of API.	
DQ Non Quan	titative Attribu	ite Correctness	
Explanation	evaluatic accuracy at least 4 model (o the exter vegetatic approacl	A total of 696 canopy-only sites not used for modelling; were available to provide an evaluation against positive; diagnostic canopy species listed in each community.; Model accuracy is between 80-97% within the extent of; existing vegetation, indicating that on at least 4 of 5; occasions, a vegetation type on the ground will be; consistent with the model (on the basis of canopy; floristics).; Model accuracy is between 41 to 70% outside the extent; of mapped native vegetation, provide some level of; confidence in the vegetation model in terms of predicting; communities on cleared land.; A more suitable approach to model validation would; require comparison of model distribution against a new set; of survey sites (preferably full-floristic) across the region.	
Responsibl	e party		
Contact pos	sition	Data Broker	
Organisatio	n name	NSW Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water	
Telephone n	number	131555	
Email addre	SS	data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au	
Web addres	s	https://www.nsw.gov.au/departments-and-agencies/dcceew	
Responsible	e party role	pointOfContact	

Metadata point of contact		
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Organisation name	NSW Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water	
Telephone number	131555	
Email address	data.broker@environment.nsw.gov.au	
Web address	https://www.nsw.gov.au/departments-and-agencies/dcceew	
Responsible party role	pointOfContact	
Metadata date	2024-02-26T14:36:13.930071	
Metadata language		